

### आयुक्त का कार्यालय Office of the Commissioner केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपीत अहमदाबाद आयुकालय Central GST, Appeals Ahmodabed Commissionerate जीएसटी मवन, राजस्य सार्ग, अस्मावाडी, अहमदाबाद-380015

र्गाजादीक अमृत महोत्सव

GST Bhavan, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad-380015 Phone: 079-26305065 - Fax: 079-26305136 E-Mall : commrappl1-caxamd@nic.in Website : www.costappaalahmedabad.cov.in

#### By SPEED POST DIN:- 20231164SW000000F3AF

_						
(জ)	फ़ाइल संख्या / File No.	GAPPL/COM/STP/2453/2023 /\$306 - 8316				
(च)	अपीस आदेश संख्या और दिनांक / Order-In-Appeal No. and Date	AHM-EXCUS-002-APP-137/23-24 and 31.10.2023				
(ग)	पारित किया गया / Passed By	श्री ज्ञानचंद वैन, आयुक्त (अपील) Shri Gvan Chand Jain, Commissioner (Appeals)				
(8)	जारी करने की दिनांक / Date of issue	20.11.2023				
(8)	Arising out of Order-in-Original No. CGST/WT07/HG/787/2022-23 dated 30.01.2022 passed by The DEputy Commissioner, CGST Division-VII, Ahmedabad North					
(খ)	अपीलकर्वा का नाम और पवा / Name and Address of the Appellant	M/s K.L. Enterprise, GP-3 Rainbow Complex, Nr. High court Underbridge, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad -380009				

होंद्रें व्यक्ति इस वरील-अदेश से बसंतीय अनुसन करता है तो नह इस अदेश के प्रति यशास्पिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील समना पुरुरीक्षम आदेशन प्रस्तुत कर सक्ता है, नैसा कि ऐसे बारेश के विरुद्ध हो सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way.

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन:-

# Revision application to Government of India:

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुरू ब्रिशियम, 1994 की द्वारा कटट नीचे बढाए गए मामलों के बारे में पूजोफ छारा को उप-धारा के प्रमाद परनुक के अंतर्देढ पुररीक्षण क्रावेश्य क्रावेश समित, घारढ सरकार, दिव मंत्राधव, राजस्य विभाग, चीची निवित, जीवन चीप मनन, संख्य मार्ग, गई दिल्ली: 110001 को की बाली पाहिए:-

A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Coxt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 49 Floor, Jewenu Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Debit - 110 001 under Section 358E of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first provise to sub-section (1) of Section 38 libit : -

(क) यदि मात की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानिकार वाले से किसी मण्डापार ना अन्य कारवानों में या किसी गण्डापार से दुसरे भण्यानार में मात्र से चारे हुए मार्च में, या किसी अध्यापर या चच्छार में याहे वह किसी कारवाने में या किसी मण्डापार में हो मात्र की प्रक्रिया के चौपन हुई हो।

In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or into the second to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse.

(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र वा प्रदेश में निर्मातिक माल पर या माल के विगिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कक्के माल पर उत्पावन शत्क के रिकेट के मामले में की भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र मा प्रदेश में निर्मातित हैं।

In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

वि शुल्क का भुगतान किए विना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल वा भूटान को) निर्मात किया गवा माल हो।

In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

(श) अंदिम जत्मादन श्री उत्पादन शुरू के शुमतान के लिए जो ब्यूटी फेबिट मान्य भी गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस सारा एमें नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, बमील के द्वारा परिद्व भी समय पर मा बाद में निच अधिनिक्म (में 2) 1998 शारा 109 सारा निसुक्त किए गए हो।

Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec. 109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(2) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (क्षीम) विश्वमानमी, 2001 के निश्वम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्मिट प्रयम संक्या एए-9 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेमित व्यव्या के प्रति अप्येश प्रेमित विलोक से बीत मान के प्रीतरपुरकार्यक एसं वर्गीम कांद्रीय से बी-वी प्रतियों में का स्वार जीपन अंक्ष्यन किया जाना पाहिए। उनके साथ बाता ह का मुख्य शीर्ष के अंतर्गत साथ 35-द में लिम्मित की के मताम के स्वार के साथ देशकर जाना की मताम की स्वार अंतर्गत कांद्री कांद्री कांद्री प्राप्त अंतर्गत कांद्र अंतर्गत साथ 35-द में लिम्मित की के मताम के स्वार के साथ देशकर चाराम की मताम की माहिए।

The above application shall be made in despitate in Form No. RA-6 as specified temperature, and the specified in the specified in the specified specified in the specified specified which specified specified

(3) रिविजन आयेवन के शाब जहाँ संनग्न राक्ष्म एक लाख रूपमें वा उत्तरों कम होयों रूपये 200/- फीस सुगतान की जाए और नहीं संनग्नरकम एक लाख के क्यांचा हो हो 1000/- की फीस सुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Re.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेमा कर वर्गासीय न्यावाधिकरण के प्रति वर्गाक:-Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

 केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की झारा 35-बी/35-इ के अंवर्गत:-Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-

(2) ज्वाविषित परिच्छेत में बताए अनुतार के बलाना की बचीना के मामले में तीमा सुन्क, केन्द्रीन उत्पादन सुन्क एमें सेनाकर व्यक्तिक न्यावाधिकरण (सिक्टेंट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीन पीठिका, अहमदाबाय में 200 जाना, बहमाशी भूतन, अवस्ता, शिरायरनागर, कहमदाबाद-3800041

To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2040or, Bahumali Bhawan, Asarwa, Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad: 380004. In case of appeals other than as mentioned above para.

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadrupicate in form East processing the processing of the processing t

sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated.

- यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल खदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल ओदश के लिए फीस का भूगतान उपर्युक्त दंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि निष्या पढी कार्य से बचने के लिए क्यास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता हैं।
- In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs. 100/- for each.
- न्यायात्रय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 क्या संघोधित की अनुसूची -1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आनेवन या मसकादेश वधास्थिति निर्मयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रतिपर रू 6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शल्क टिकट समा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

इन और संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले निवमों की और भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा . शस्त्र, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुरू एवं सेवाकर अपीसीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्यायिधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention in invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

श्रीमा शल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीनीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) एके प्रति अपीक्षों के मामले में कर्तव्यमांन (Demand) एवं दंड (Penalty) का 10% पूर्व बमा करना बनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व बमा 10 करोड़ रुपए है। (Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरू और सेवाकर के अंदर्गत, शामिल होगा कर्दळ की मांग (Duty Demanded)।

- (1) श्रंड (Section) 11D के वहत निर्धारित चाकि:
- (2) शिया मलत सेनबैट केडिट की राशिय: (3) सेनवैट क्रेबिट निवमों के निवम 6 के वहत देव राशि।

वह पूर्व जमा ' लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना मेंए अपील' दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गवा है।

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act. 1994).

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:



or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."

amount determined under Section 11 D; amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;

amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

गुरुक के 10% मुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल वण्ड विवादित हो तब वण्ड के 10% भूगतान पर की जा सकती है। In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute,

## ORDER-IN-APPEAL

M/s. K.L. Enterprise, GF-3 Rainbow Complex, Nr. High Court Underbridge, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad - 380009 (hereinafter referred to as "the appellant") against Order-in-Orlginal No. CoSTN/0107/H67/19/202-23 dated 30.10/202 (hereinafter referred to as "the impugned order") passed by the Deputy Commissioner, CGST Division-VII, Ahmedabad North (hereinafter referred to as "the adjudicating authority"). The appellant were holding Service Tax Registration No. AAE/905/346ST001.

2. Facts of the case in brief are that on scruling of the data received from the Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDI) for the Financial Year 2015-16, difference in value of service was noticed between the gross value of service declared in ITR/Form 26AS and the gross value of service in Service Tax return filled by the appellant, on which no tax was provided during said period and explain the research provided details of the services provided during said period and explain the research for non-payment of tax and provide certified documentary evidences for the same. The appellant mether provided any documents nor submitted any reply justifying the non-payment of service tax on such receipts. Therefore, the differential former was considered as a taxable value.

#### Table-A

EK	Value as per ITR	Value as par Form -26AS	Gross Value of services as per STR	Higher Value Difference	tax rate	Tax liability
2015-16	11 10 500/-	12.01.607	8.52.757/-	3,48,850/-	14.5%	50,583/-

- 2.1 Subsequently, the appellant were issued show Cause Notice No. CGST/DM-VII/ATOM North/TPD-UR/76/20-21 dated 26.95/20.0 demanding Service Tar amounting to Res. SQ583/1- for be period PT 2015-16, under proviso to sub-section (I) of Section 73 of the Finance Act, 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 770(j.), Section 770() and Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of under Section 78 of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of the Finance Act 1994. The SCN also proposed recovery of the Finance Act 1994. Th
- 2.2 The Show Cause Notice was adjudicated, ex-parte, vide the impugned order by the adjudicating authority wherein the demand of Service Tax amounting to fits. 50,5834° was confirmed along with interest under Section 75; Penalty of fits. 50,583/ was imposed on the appellant under Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1394; Penalty of fits. 500/- sech was imposed under Section 7010/6 8 Section 77010 of the Finance Act, 1394.
- Being aggrieved with the impugned order passed by the adjudicating authority, the appellant have preferred the present appeal on the following grounds:
  - They have not received any notice requisitioned documents with reference to the F.Y. 2015.

- The demand has been raised without examining the nature of income and services rendered instead entire income received by the appellant and reflected in Form 26AS was considered for taxable services.
- They have already shown the courier income in the ITR filed for the F.Y. 2015-16.
   Accordingly, the difference shall come to Rs. 1,36,642/- as per the table below, which they are ready to pay along with interest on said differential income.

EK.	per Balance Sheet	payable	as per ITR inclusive of S.Tax		Net Difference of Turnover
2015-16	9,89,399/-	1,21,101/-	11,10,500/-	8.52.757/-	1.36.642/-

- Interest charged under Section 75 had been wrongly charged and Penalty of Rs.19,689/- under Section 78 & under Section 77(1)(c) & Section 77(2) of the Finance Act, 1994 were wrongly imposed.
- 4. Personal hearing in the case was held on 15.10.2023. Shri hitesh Patel, Chartaeel Accountant appeared on behalf of the appellant and reiterated the submissions made in appeal memorandum. He stated that the income as per Form-26AS involves service tax component and the gross value without service tax would be Rs. 1988.3994. Since in the 57.3 they have already shown income of Rs.8.5.2577, and discharged tax liability. Holwever on the remaining income of Rs.1.36.642/-. He therefore requested to modify the impurged order accordinally.
- 5. I have carefully gone through the fact of the case, grounds of appeal, submissions made in the appeal memorandum and documents available on record. The issue to be decided in the present appeal is whether the impogned order passed by the adjuctating authority, confirming the service two deemand of Rs. SQs.5824 shallow with interest and penalty, in the facts and circumstance of the case, is legal and proper or otherwise. The demand partials to the period Fy 2015-16.
- 6. It is observed that the appellant is registered as Courier Agency Service. If find that in their Balance Sheet they shown the Courier receipts as RE.11.10.50/v. out of which Rs. 1.21.101/- is reflected as service tax amount. If the service tax amount involved is deducted the taxable income shall come to Rs. 9.99.399/v. I, therefore, agree with the contention of the appellant that the value reflected in the TINForm 26 is inclusive of service tax component. However the appellant has already discharged service tax on the value of Rs. 4.35.75/7 in their 51.73 Settum. Thus, their liability shall be on the remaining taxable income of Rs. 1.36.642/- only. Accordingly, 1 find that they shall be liable to pay service tax of Rs. 19.813.1/-
- When the demand sustains there is no escape from interest, the same is therefore recoverable with applicable rate of interest.
- I find that the imposition of penalty under Section 78 is also justifiable as it provides penalty for suppressing the value of taxable on the Supreme Court in case of Union of India v/s Dharamendra Textile Provided in India v/s Dharamendra India v/s Dhara

(S.C.)], considered such provision and came to the conclusion that the section provides for a mandatory penalty and leaves no scope of discretion for imposing lesser penalty. I find that the appellant was rendering a taxable service but suppressed the value of taxable service and hence such non-payment of service tax undoubtedly brings out the willful mis-statement and fraud with intent to evade payment of service tax. If any of the circumstances referred to in Section 73(1) are established, the person liable to pay duty would also be liable to pay a penalty equal to the tax so determined.

- As regards the imposition of penalty under Section 77(1) & 77(2) is concerned, I find that the same is also imposable as the appellant were rendering the taxable service but failed to correctly assess their tax liability thereby filed incorrect ST-3 Return, However, considering the reduction in tax, I reduce the penalty from Rs.500/- to Rs.100/each under Section 77(1) & 77(2) of the Finance Act, 1994.
- In view of the above discussion, I partially uphold the impugned order confirming the service tax demand to the extent of Rs.19,813/- alongwith interest and penalties.

अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है। The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed off in above terms.

आयुक्त (अपील्स)

Date: 10.2023

Attested

(रेखा नायर) अधीक्षक(अपील्स) सी. जी. एस. टी, अहमदाबांद

# By RPAD/SPEED POST

To.

M/s. K.L. Enterprise. GF-3 Rainbow Complex, Nr. High Court Underbridge, Navrangpura,

Ahmedabad - 380009 The Deputy Commissioner,

CGST, Division-VII, Ahmedahad North Ahmedabad

- 1. The Principal Chief Commissioner, Central GST, Ahmedabad Zone. 2. The Commissioner, CGST, Ahmedabad North.
- 3. The Assistant Commissioner (H.Q. System), CGST, Ahmedabad North.

(For unfoading the OIA) 4- Guard File.



Appellant

Respondent

